## #TotallyGrammarTuesday (12/9/2014)

- Semi-Colons
- Colons
- Misplaced Modifiers
- Dangling Modifiers

- 1. Choose the sentence that shows the correct semicolon usage
- A) I like swimming; hiking; and camping.
- B) Swimming is my favorite form of exercise; it gives me energy.
- C) I am going swimming consequently; I might get sun burnt.

D) Today I plan to go swimming; which is one of my favorite activities.

# 2. Which of these sentences is using colons correctly?

- A. We need several ingredients for the chocolate cake such as: flour, cocoa, butter, eggs, sugar, and vanilla extract.
- B. Be at the corner by 6:00: because we need to regroup.
- C. The burglar did not see the person standing right behind him: a smiling police officer.
- D. Mrs. Hershey has visited several cities: in Europe, Paris, France; Berlin, Germany, and London, England.

3. Which sentence contains a misplaced modifier?

A I enjoy lifting weights in the yard while watching the birds.

B A young girl in a short skirt walked the dog.

C The professor almost spoke for two hours.

D I want to buy a television with a large screen for my brother.

4. Which sentence contains a dangling modifier?

A While driving on Greenwood Avenue, Wendy saw a rainbow in the sky.

B Planting vegetables, she dirtied her knees.

C Reading quietly, I was startled by the large rumble of thunder.

D Having been thrown in the air, the dog easily caught the stick.

## Answers and Notes

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### 1. Semicolon notes

You use a semicolon to separate two related independent clauses resulting in a compound sentence

[complete sentence]; [complete sentence]

You also use a semicolon to help separate a complex list after a colon

### 1. Semicolon Example

Though he originally considered sculpture to be the one true art, Michelangelo also accomplished three other amazing things in different genres: painting the ceiling of the Sistine Chapel; designing the Dome of Saint Peter; and writing several beautiful sonnets.

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### 2. Colon Explanation

You use a colon when an <u>appositive</u> is introduced by a complete sentence.

Appositive = "a word or group of words that rename a noun or a pronoun."

You use a colon after a complete sentence to introduce a list of items (when introductory words such as "namely," "for example", or "such as" do not appear).

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### 3. Misplaced modifier notes

#### Modifier:

• A modifier describes, clarifies, or gives more detail about a concept.

A modifier should be placed next to the word it describes.

 Sentences containing misplaced modifiers make sentences say something the writers do not intend to say. 4. Which sentence contains a dangling modifier?

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### 4. Dangling modifier notes

 A dangling modifier is a word or phrase that modifies a word not clearly stated in the sentence.

 They most frequently occur at the beginning of sentences (often as introductory clauses or phrases) but can also appear at the end.

### 4. Dangling Modifiers Examples

### Wrong:

Having been thrown in the air, the dog easily caught the stick.

### Right:

The dog caught the stick that was thrown in the air.

Having been thrown in the air, the stick was caught by the dog.